# Problem Set \#6 <br> Due: Thursday, 20 October 2011 

1. If $E(v)$ is the fuel efficiency, measured in kilometres per litre $\left(\mathrm{km} \cdot \mathrm{L}^{-1}\right)$, of a car going $v$ kilometers per hour $\left(\mathrm{km} \cdot \mathrm{h}^{-1}\right)$, then what are the units of $E^{\prime}(100)$ ? What is the practical meaning of the statement $E^{\prime}(80)=-2.1$ ?
2. Consider the function $f(x):=\frac{1}{x}$.
(a) Using the definition of the derivative, show that $f^{\prime}(a)=-\frac{1}{a^{2}}$ for $a \neq 0$.
(b) Prove that the tangent line to the curve $y=f(x)$ at the point $(a, 1 / a)$ does not intersect the curve except at the point $(a, 1 / a)$.
3. Find all values of the parameters $\alpha$ and $\beta$ for which the function $G$ is differentiable at $t=1$.

$$
G(t):= \begin{cases}\alpha t^{2}+\ln (t) & t \geq 1 \\ \beta e^{t-1}-2 t & t<1\end{cases}
$$

Hint. You may assume that $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{x}-1}{x}=1$ and $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln (1+x)}{x}=1$.

