

# Problems 06

Due: Friday, 13 February 2026 before 23:59 ET

- P6.1.** Suppose that the elements  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are algebraic over the field  $K$  having minimal polynomials  $f \in K[x]$  and  $g \in K[x]$  respectively. Prove that  $f$  is irreducible over  $K(\beta)$  if and only if  $g$  is irreducible over  $K(\alpha)$ .
- P6.2.** i. Prove that  $[\overline{\mathbb{Q}} : \mathbb{Q}] = \infty$ .
- ii. [Hermite \(1874\)](#) establishes that the real number  $e$  is transcendental over  $\mathbb{Q}$ , and [Lindemann \(1882\)](#) shows that the real number  $\pi$  is transcendental over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . It is unknown whether  $\pi + e$  and  $\pi - e$  are transcendental. Prove that at least one of these numbers is transcendental over  $\mathbb{Q}$ .
- P6.3.** Let  $\mathbb{F}_3 := \mathbb{Z}/\langle 3 \rangle$  be the field with three elements and consider  $f := x^3 - x + 1 \in \mathbb{F}_3[x]$ .
- i. Show that  $f$  is irreducible over  $\mathbb{F}_3$ .
- ii. Let  $L$  be the splitting field of  $f$  over  $\mathbb{F}_3$ . Prove that  $[L : \mathbb{F}_3] = 3$ .
- iii. Explain why  $L$  is a field with 27 elements.