Problems 11 Due: Tuesday, 1 December 2020

1. Consider the ring $\mathbb{Q}[x]$. Find a basis for the submodule of $\mathbb{Q}[x]^3$ generated by

$$f_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2x-1\\x\\x^2+3 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $f_2 = \begin{bmatrix} x\\x\\x^2 \end{bmatrix}$, and $f_3 = \begin{bmatrix} x+1\\2x\\2x^2-3 \end{bmatrix}$.

2. Consider the integer matrix

$$\mathbf{B} := \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 & -8 & 7 \\ 2 & 8 & -2 & 4 \\ 1 & -11 & 32 & -13 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (i) Find matrices $\mathbf{Q} \in Mat(3, 3, \mathbb{Z})$ and $\mathbf{P} \in Mat(4, 4, \mathbb{Z})$ such that $\mathbf{Q} \mathbf{B} \mathbf{P}$ is in Smith normal form.
- (ii) Let *G* be an abelian group with four generators g_1 , g_2 , g_3 and g_4 subject to the relations

Show that $G \cong \mathbb{Z}/\langle 6 \rangle \oplus \mathbb{Z}/\langle 54 \rangle \oplus \mathbb{Z}$. In addition, find new generators h_1 , h_2 and h_3 such that $6 h_1 = 0$, $54 h_2 = 0$ and h_3 has infinite order.

(iii) Find all $\mathbf{X} \in Mat(3, 1, \mathbb{Z})$ such that $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{C}$ where $\mathbf{C} := \begin{bmatrix} -5\\100\\-7 \end{bmatrix}$.

3. Consider the matrix

$$\mathbf{A} := \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (i) Find the minimal polynomial of **A**.
- (ii) Find the rational canonical form of **A**.
- (iii) Find the Jordan canonical form of **A**.

