

Prime Numbers

Definition: A *prime number* is an integer $n > 1$ whose only positive divisors are itself and 1.

Example: The first 10 prime numbers are:

2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29.

Remark: We can make a list of primes by using the method of *Erasthones*. (This method is called the *Sieve of Erasthones*.)

Theorem 6 (Euclid): There exist *infinitely many* prime numbers.

Remark: There exist many different proofs of this theorem.

Question: How does the function

$$\pi(x) := \#\{p \leq x : p \text{ is prime}\}$$

grow as $x \rightarrow \infty$?

The answer to this is the *Prime Number Theorem*:

$$\pi(x) \sim \frac{x}{\log(x)}, \quad \text{i.e.,} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\pi(x)}{x/\log(x)} = 1.$$

This was conjectured by *Gauss* and was proved by *Hadamard* and by *de la Vallée Poussin* in 1893.